Task 2.1. Use the general algorithm that we learned in class to design a non-deterministic finite automaton that recognizes the language $A(a\cup A)^*$ describing all Java class names consisting of letter $a$.

Reminder:

- $A$ and $a$ are languages consisting of only one 1-symbol word each: $A$ is a language consisting of a single 1-symbol word $A$; $a$ is a language consisting of a single 1-symbol word $a$;
- for any two languages $C$ and $D$, the notation $CD$ means concatenation.

Solution. We start with the standard non-deterministic automata for recognizing:

- the language $a$ – that consists of a single word $a$, and
- the language $A$ – that consists of a single word $A$:

Then, we use the general algorithm for the union to design a non-deterministic automaton for recognizing the language $a \cup A$:
Now, we apply a standard algorithm for the Kleene star, and we get the following non-deterministic automaton for \((a \cup A)^*\):

Now, we use the algorithm for concatenation for combine them: final states of the automaton for \(A\) are no longer final, and from each of them, we add a jump to the starting state of the automaton for \((a \cup A)^*\):
Task 2.2. Transform the resulting non-deterministic finite automaton into a deterministic one.

Solution. Let us first enumerate the states of the resulting non-deterministic automaton.

In the beginning, before we see any symbol, we are in state 1, and we cannot jump anywhere. So, the resulting state is \( \{1\} \).

- If in the state \( \{1\} \), we see letter A, we can go to 2 and from there, jump to 3, 6, 4, and 7. Thus, the resulting state is \( \{2, 3, 4, 6, 7\} \). One of the states 2, 3, 4, 6, and 7 is final – the state 3. Thus, the state \( \{2, 3, 4, 6, 7\} \) is final.

- If in the state \( \{1\} \), we see letter a or symbol 1, we cannot go anywhere: there are no arrows coming out of the state 1 with these symbols on top.

Checking where we can go from these state and from the resulting states when we see one of the symbols A, a, or 1, we arrive at the following deterministic automaton.