

## Solution to Homework Problem 24

**Homework problem 24.** Prove that the cubic root of 54 is not a rational number.

**Solution.** Let us prove it by contradiction. Let us assume that  $\sqrt[3]{54}$  is a rational number, i.e.,  $\sqrt[3]{54} = a/b$  for some integers  $a$  and  $b$ .

If the numbers  $a$  and  $b$  have a common factor, then we can divide both  $a$  and  $b$  by this factor and get the same ratio. Thus, we can always find  $a$  and  $b$  that have no common factors.

Let us now get a contradiction.

- Multiplying both sides of the above equality by  $b$ , we get  $\sqrt[3]{54} \cdot b = a$ .
- Cubing both sides, we get  $54 \cdot b^3 = a^3$ , i.e.,  $2 \cdot 3^3 \cdot b^3 = a^3$ .
- The left-hand side of this equality is divisible by 2, so the right-hand side  $a^3 = a \cdot a \cdot a$  must also be divisible by 2.
- Since 2 is a prime number, this means that one of the factors in the product  $a \cdot a \cdot a$  – i.e., number  $a$  – is divisible by 2, i.e.,  $a = 2 \cdot p$  for some integer  $p$ .
- For  $a = 2 \cdot p$ , we have  $a^3 = (2 \cdot p) \cdot (2 \cdot p) \cdot (2 \cdot p) = 2^3 \cdot p^3$ .
- Substituting  $a^3 = 2^3 \cdot p^3$  into the formula  $2 \cdot 3^3 \cdot b^3 = a^3$ , we get  $2 \cdot 3^3 \cdot b^3 = 2^3 \cdot p^3$ .
- Dividing both sides by 2, we get  $3^3 \cdot b^3 = 2^2 \cdot p^3$ .
- The right-hand side of this equality is divisible by 2, so the left-hand side  $3^3 \cdot b^3 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b$  must also be divisible by 2.
- Thus, one of the factors in the right-hand side is divisible by 2.
- Since 3 is not divisible by 2, thus  $b$  is divisible by 2.
- So,  $a$  and  $b$  have a common factor 2 – which contradicts to the fact that  $a$  and  $b$  have no common factors.

This contradiction shows that our original assumption – that  $\sqrt[3]{54}$  is a rational number – is wrong. The statement is proven.