

Computing With Words

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Problem

- To describe a quantity using the words such as small, medium, high, etc. We get a crude description of the quantity
- More accurate description: Short but closer to medium. To a large extent, short but to some degree medium height.

Problem

- Fix words W_1, \dots, W_n each quantity is then represented by tuple of degrees $d=(d_1, \dots, d_n)$
- If we have quantity q represented by d and quantity q' represented by d' . We would like to produce:

$$q+q', q-q', q*q' \text{ etc.}$$

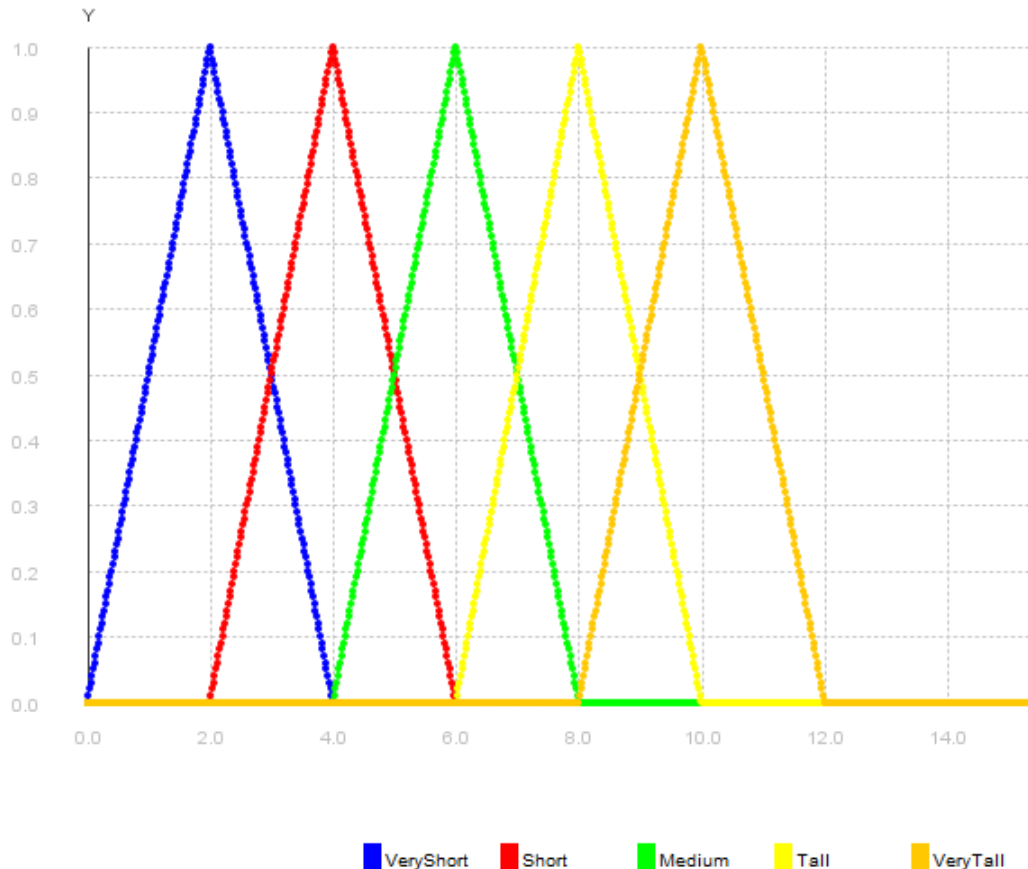
- Instead of computing with numbers, we should be able to compute with words.

Idea

- Fuzzy logic
- To each word W_i assign a function $M_i(x)$, that describes for each value of x , the degree to which this values satisfies the corresponding property
- Functions $M_i(x)$ differ by a shift.

Idea

- $M_i(x)$ are usually triangular, first linearly decreasing from 0 to 1. The linearly decreasing from 1 to 0.

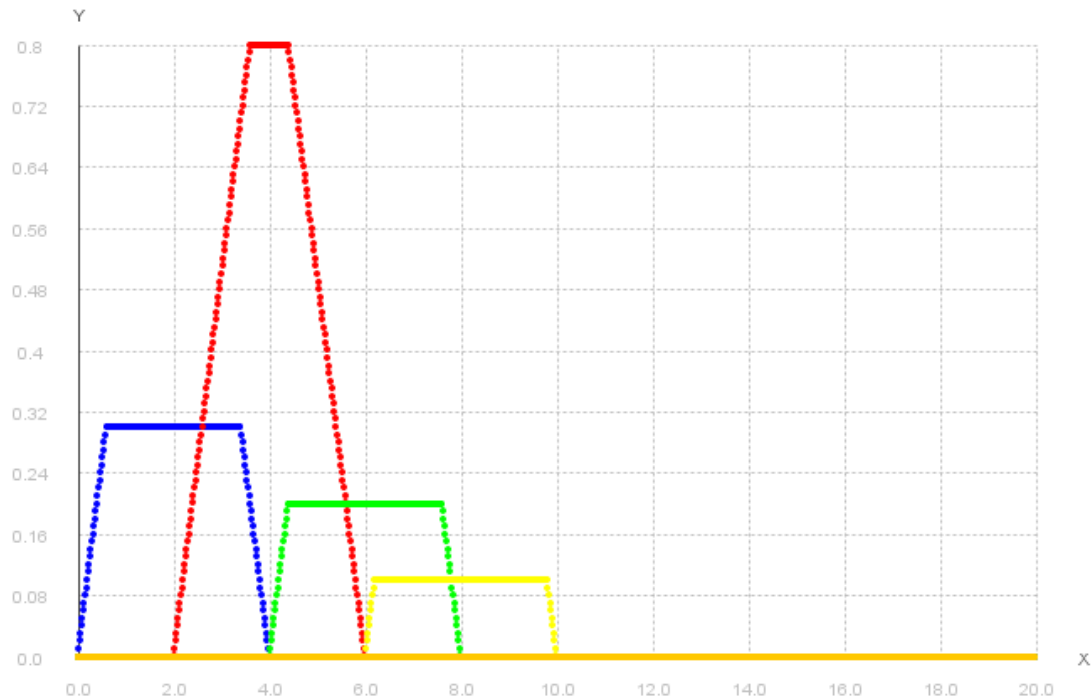


$$M_i(x) = \max(0, 1 - \frac{|x - (s + i * h)|}{h})$$

Idea

- The degree to which q is characterized by the word W_i and x satisfies the property described by this word can be described as

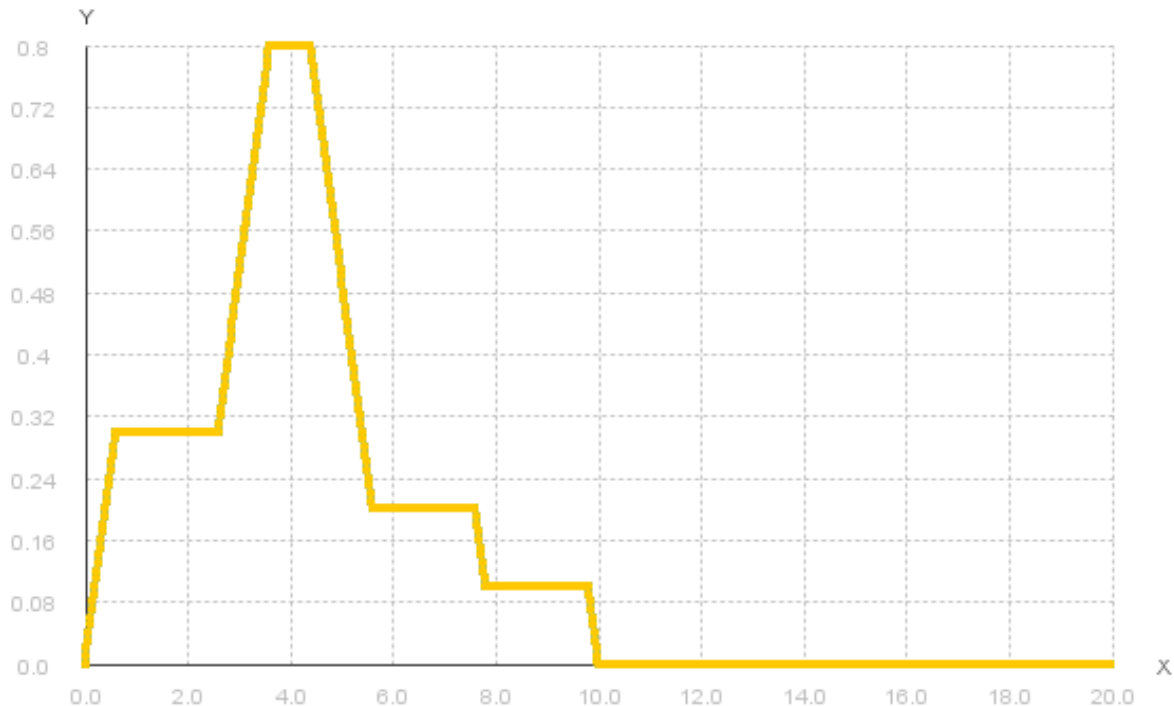
$$\min(d_i, M_i(x))$$



Idea

- The degree to which one of these conditions is satisfied is equal to

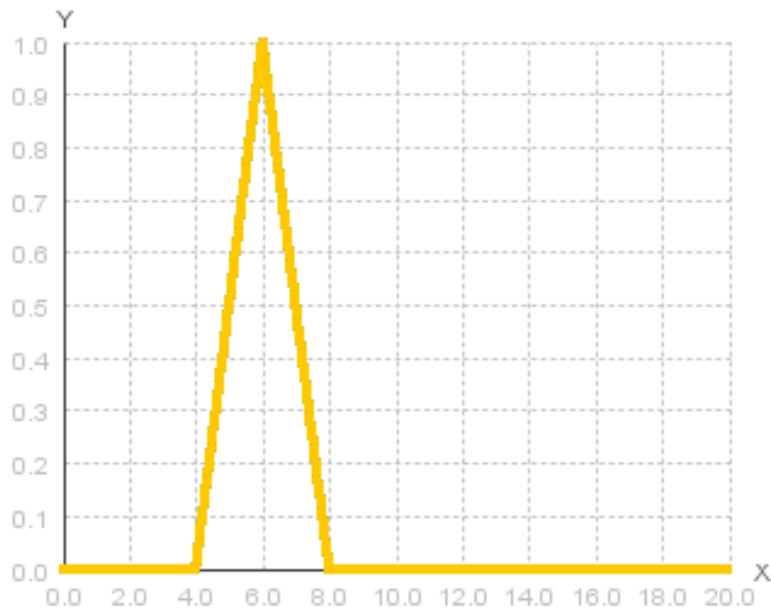
$$M_d(x) = \max(\min(d_1, M_1(x)), \dots, \min(d_n, M_n(x)))$$



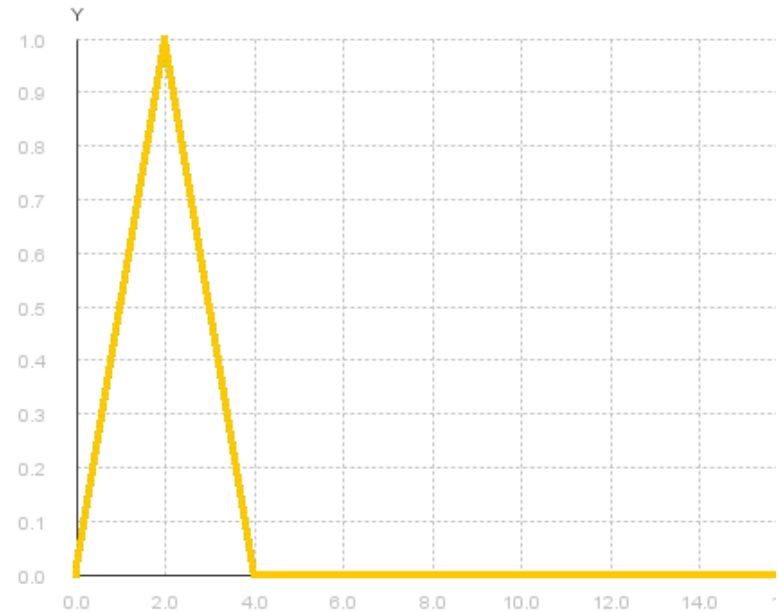
How to compute $f(a, b)$

For tuples d and d' describing 2 quantities q and q'

- Generate membership functions $M_d(x)$ and $M_{d'}(x)$



Medium



Very Short

How to compute $f(a, b)$

- By applying Zadeh's extension principle to these membership functions, we can compute:

Addition

$$M_{x_1+x_2}(y) = \max x (\min(M_1(x), M_2(y-x)))$$

Subtraction

$$M_{x_1-x_2}(y) = \max x (\min(M_1(x), M_2(x-y)))$$

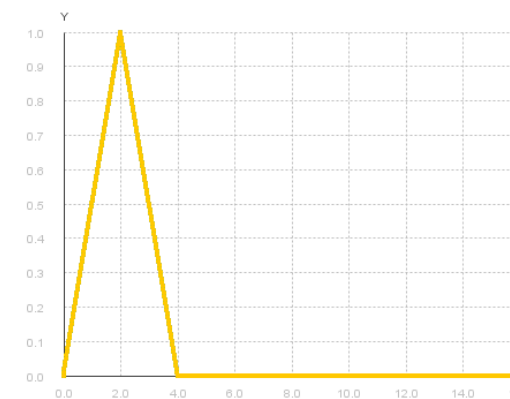
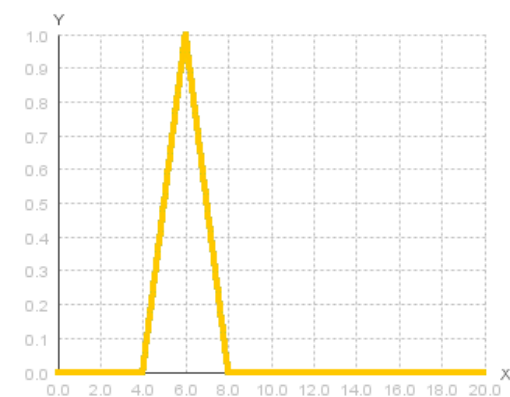
Multiplication

$$M_{x_1 \cdot x_2}(y) = \max x (\min(M_1(x), M_2(y/x)))$$

How to compute $f(a, b)$

Addition

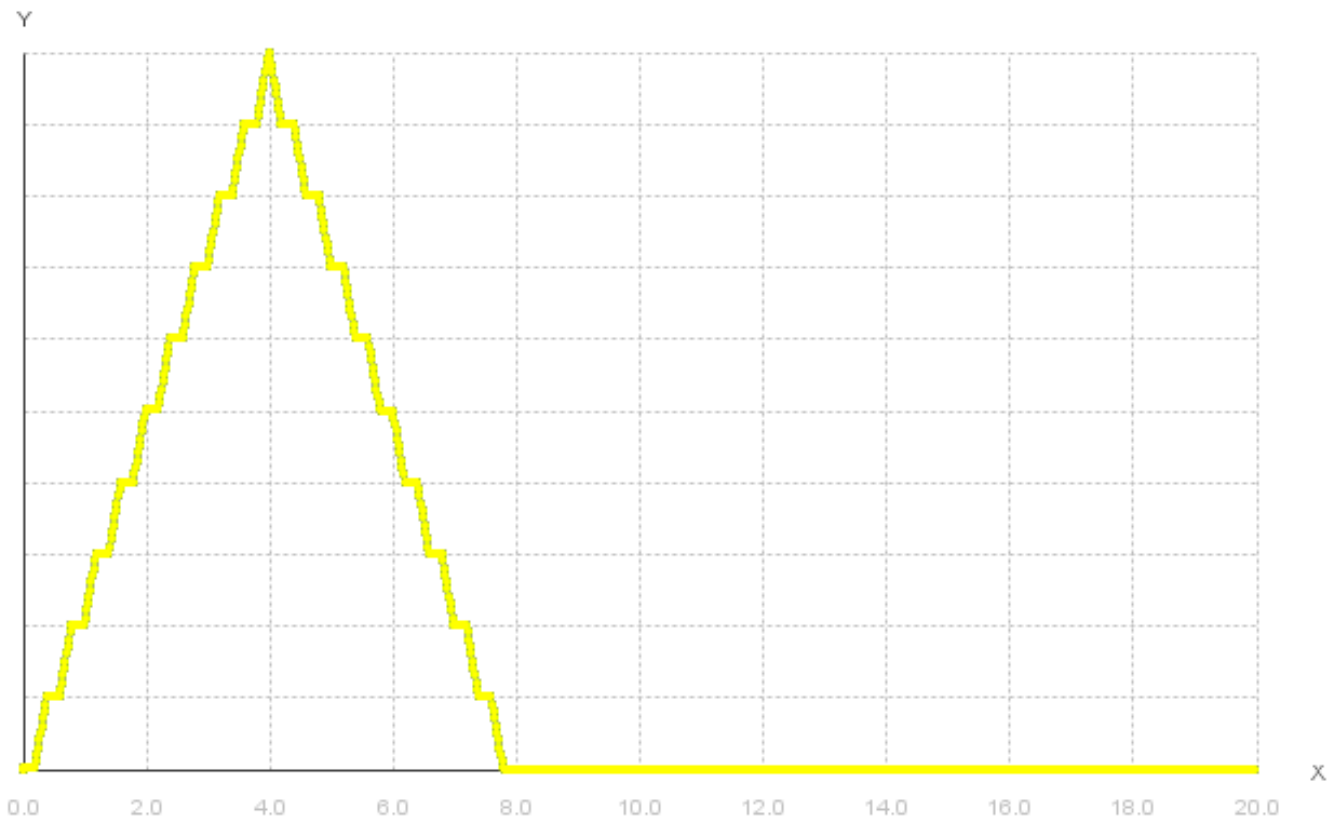
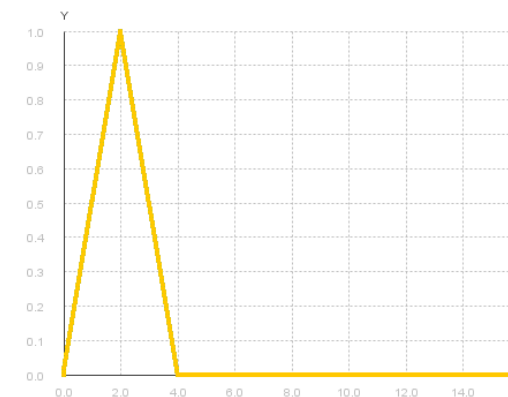
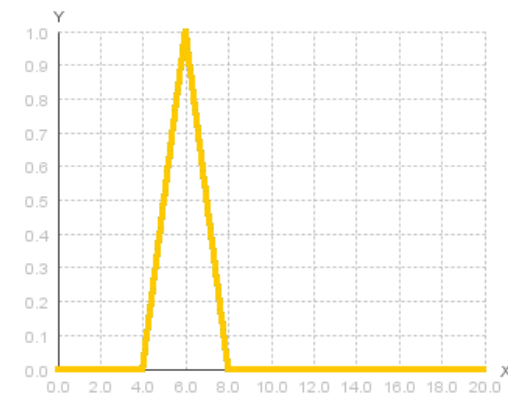
$$M_{x_1+x_2}(y) = \max_x (\min(M_1(x), M_2(y-x)))$$



How to compute $f(a, b)$

Subtraction

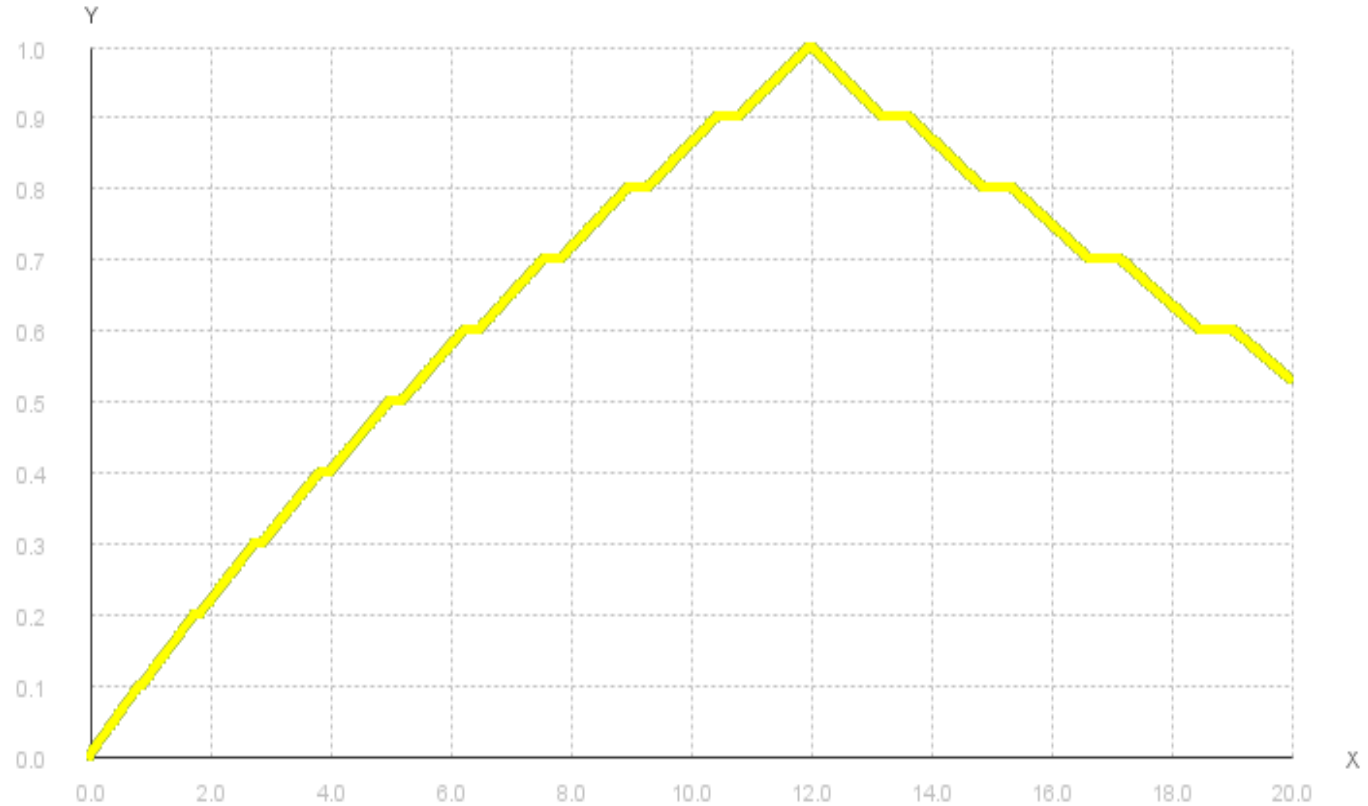
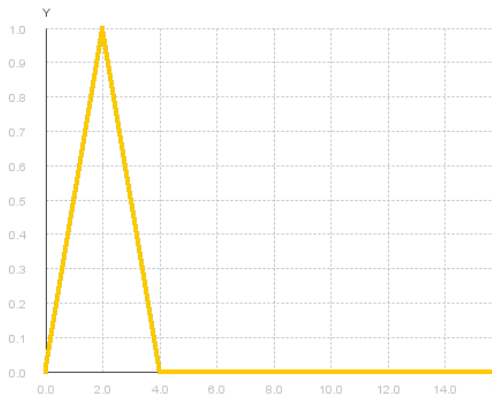
$$M_{x_1-x_2}(y) = \max_x (\min(M_1(x), M_2(x-y)))$$



How to compute $f(a, b)$

Multiplication

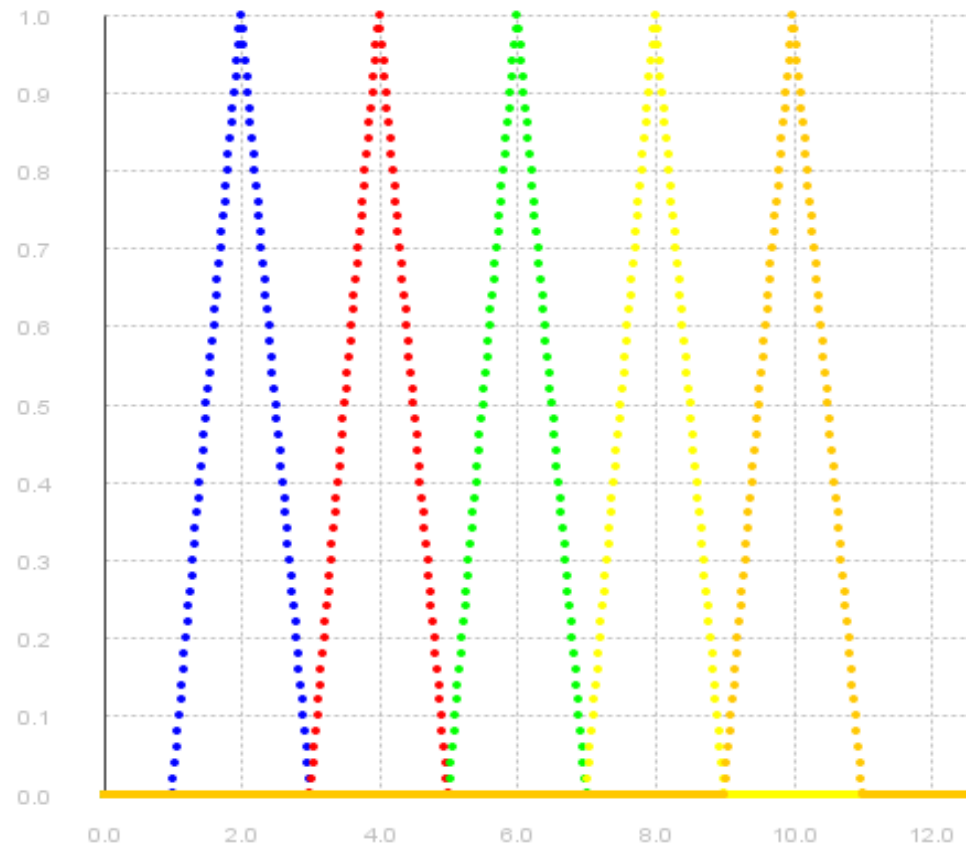
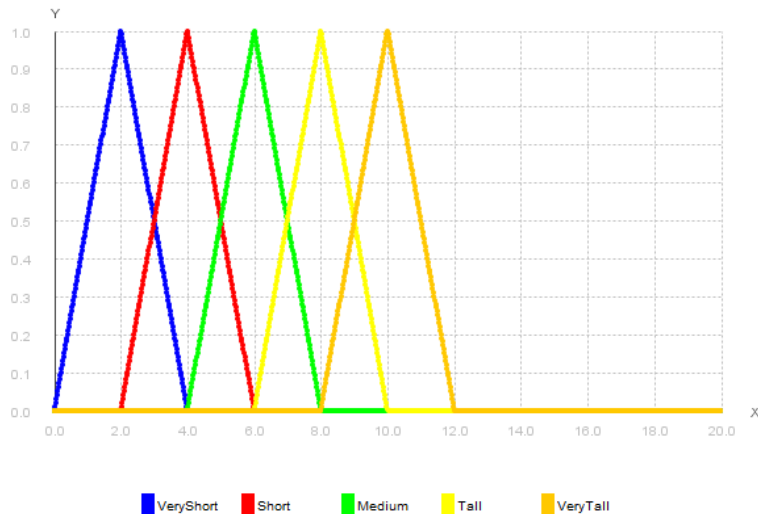
$$M_{x_1 * x_2}(y) = \max x (\min(M_1(x), M_2(y/x)))$$



How to retrieve a tuple from a membership function

$$A_i(x) = \max(1 - |x - i|, 0)$$

$$A'_i(x) = \max(A_i(x) - A_{i-1}(x) - A_{i+1}(x), 0)$$



How to retrieve a tuple from a membership function

$$M'(x) = \max(M(x) - A_{i-1}(x) - A_{i+1}(x), 0)$$

$$d_i = \max x (\min(A'_i(x), M'(x)))$$

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d0 of Membership Function of M1 + M2 0.0
d1 of Membership Function of M1 + M2 0.0
d2 of Membership Function of M1 + M2 0.4999999999999991
d3 of Membership Function of M1 + M2 0.9999999999999987
d4 of Membership Function of M1 + M2 0.4999999999999982
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M1 = Medium

M2 = Very Short

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d0 of Membership Function of M1 - M2 0.4999999999999991
d1 of Membership Function of M1 - M2 0.9999999999999987
d2 of Membership Function of M1 - M2 0.4999999999999982
d3 of Membership Function of M1 - M2 0.0
d4 of Membership Function of M1 - M2 0.0
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d0 of Membership Function of M1 * M2 0.21739130434782605
d1 of Membership Function of M1 * M2 0.40000000000000008
d2 of Membership Function of M1 * M2 0.5769230769230768
d3 of Membership Function of M1 * M2 0.714285714285714
d4 of Membership Function of M1 * M2 0.862068965517241
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