

Solution to Problem 35

Problem. Use the variable-elimination algorithm for checking satisfiability of 2-SAT formulas that we had in class to find the values that satisfy the following formula:

$$(\neg a \vee b) \& (a \vee \neg b) \& (a \vee b) \& (a \vee \neg c) \& (\neg a \vee \neg c) \& (\neg b \vee \neg c).$$

Solution. In this formula, we have three Boolean variables: a , b , and c . According to the algorithm, we need to eliminate them one by one.

Let us first the variable a . According to the general algorithm:

- each clause of the type $a \vee x$ is converted to an inequality $\neg x \leq a$, and
- each clause of the type $\neg a \vee x$ is converted into an inequality $a \leq x$.

Thus, in the above formula, clauses containing a or $\neg a$ are converted into the following inequalities:

- the clause $\neg a \vee b$ is converted into an inequality $a \leq b$;
- the clause $a \vee \neg b$ is converted into an inequality $b \leq a$;
- the clause $a \vee b$ is converted into an inequality $\neg b \leq a$;
- the clause $a \vee \neg c$ is converted into an inequality $c \leq a$; and
- the clause $\neg a \vee \neg c$ is converted into an inequality $a \leq \neg c$.

Here, we have:

- three lower bounds for a : $b \leq a$, $\neg b \leq a$, and $c \leq a$, and
- two upper bounds for a : $a \leq b$ and $a \leq \neg c$.

In other words, we have:

$$b, \neg b, c \leq a \leq b, \neg c. \tag{1}$$

Each lower bound must be smaller than or equal to each upper bound. So, we get the following inequalities:

- from the first lower bound, we get $b \leq b$ and $b \leq \neg c$;

- from the second lower bound, we get $\neg b \leq b$ and $\neg b \leq \neg c$;
- from the third lower bound, we get $c \leq b$ and $c \leq \neg c$;

As in the example given in the lecture, the inequality $\neg b \leq b$ is only true when $b = 1$. Similarly, the inequality $c \leq \neg c$ is only satisfied when $c = 0$. For these values b and c , the inequality (1) takes the form

$$1, 0, 0 \leq a \leq 1, 1$$

i.e., the form $1 \leq a \leq 1$. Thus, $a = 1$.

So, the solution is: $a = 1$, $b = 1$, and $c = 0$. In other words, a and b are true, and c is false.