

Solution to Problem 20

Task. We have shown that the only maximally individually robust “or”-operation is $\max(a, b)$. Maximally individually robust means, in this case, that for all possible values a , b , a' , and b' , we must have

$$|f_{\vee}(a, b) - f_{\vee}(a', b')| \leq \max(|a - a'|, |b - b'|).$$

Provide an example of the values a , b , a' , and b' , showing that the “or”-operation $a + b - a \cdot b$ is not maximally individually robust. *Hint:* it is sufficient to consider values 0, 0.5, and 1.

Solution. For $a = b = 0$ and $a' = b' = 0.5$, we have $f_{\vee}(a, b) = f_{\vee}(0, 0) = 0$ and

$$f_{\vee}(a', b') - f_{\vee}(0.5, 0.5) = 0.5 \cdot 0.5 - 0.5 \cdot 0.5 = 1 - 0.25 = 0.75.$$

So here $|f_{\vee}(a, b) - f_{\vee}(a', b')| = |0 - 0.75| = 0.75$.

On the other hand, here, $|a - a'| = |b - b'| = |0 - 0.5| = 0.5$, so

$$\max(|a - a'|, |b - b'|) = \max(0.5, 0.5) = 0.5.$$

Thus, here

$$|f_{\vee}(a, b) - f_{\vee}(a', b')| > \max(|a - a'|, |b - b'|).$$